THE

North-China Herald.

OFFICIAL NOTIFICATION.—It is hereby notified that until further orders, the *North-China Herald* is to be considered the Official Organ of all Notifications proceeding from Her Majesty's Legation and Superintendency of Trade in China.

H. M.'s Legation, Shanghai, 22nd June, 1860.

E. ST. JOHN NEALE,
Secretary of Legation.

VOL. XVII., No. 820. SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, APRIL 14TH, 1866. PRICE, TAELS 15 ₱ ANNUM.

NOTICES OF FIRMS.

NOTICE.—I have this day established myself as *Commission and General Agent* as this Port.

JOHN HANNA.

7my 701 Tientsin, 12th March, 1866.

NOTICE.—I have this day established myself at this port as *General & Commission Merchant and Public Tea Inspector* under the style and firm of OVERBECK & Co.

H. OVERBECK.

Hong Name, *Shun Fat* 發順

Office at Messrs. MAERTENS, LATHAM & Co.'s house.

31se 700 Shanghai, 15th March, 1866.

NOTICE.—I have this day established myself at Hankow as a *General Commission Merchant* under the firm of ALEX. DOWNIE & Co.

ALEX. DOWNIE.

tf 699 Hankow, 15th March, 1866.

NOTICE.

I have established myself at this port as *Merchant and Commission Agent*, under the firm of WM. REMÉ & Co.

WILLIAM REMÉ.

5my 693 Shanghai, 1st Feb., 1866.

NOTICE.—I have taken the house in Hankow Road formerly occupied by Dr. SIBRALD, and am doing business as a *Commission Agent & Broker*.

WILLIAM CHURCH.

Wha-Loong 華隆

30ju 683 Shanghai, 1st January, 1866.

NOTICE.—The interest and responsibility of Mr. THOMAS S. ODELL in our Firm ceased on the 31st December, 1865; and Mr. ERNEST DEACON has this day been admitted a partner.

DEACON & Co.

30ju 685 Canton, 1st January, 1866.

NOTICE.—The interest and responsibility of Mr. CRAVEN WILSON in our Firm, both in Hankow and Chinkiang, terminated on the 15th instant.

CRAVEN WILSON & Co.

Shanghai, June 17th, 1865.

WITH reference to the above, the business hitherto conducted by Messrs. CRAVEN WILSON & Co., at Chinkiang, will for the future be carried on under the style and Firm of

CHARLES HUDSON & Co.

tf 608 Shanghai, 17th June, 1865.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned (in the absence of Mr. ALBERT ROBINSON, M. Inst., C. E.) having been appointed Agents for Messrs. RANDOLPH, ELDER & Co., Engineers and Shipbuilders, Glasgow, are prepared to give full particulars concerning the cost of Steamers, Steam Dredging Vessels, Screw Hulls, Wharves, &c., and to contract for same at home prices.

Plans, models, and specifications of the above can be seen on application.

GLOVER & Co.

tf 434 Shanghai, 18th May, 1864.

NOTICE.—During my absence from China, I have appointed Mr. D. L. HUNTER of this port to act as my attorney; and I have to request that all communications from this date be addressed to him at he office of Messrs. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

J. T. BRAND.

tf 664 Shanghai, 21st Oct., 1865.

NOTICE.—The Undersigned begs to announce that he has established himself at this port as *Tea Taster and Inspector*, and all orders confided to his care will receive his best attention.

J. OSBORNE.

tf 516 Shanghai, Sept. 8th, 1864.

NOTICE.—The business of the Undersigned as *Public Tea Inspector and Commission Agent* at this port will from this date be carried on under the style of KINNEAR & Co.

W. B. KINNEAR.

tf 567 Foochow, Jan. 1st, 1865.

NOTICE.—I have this day established myself as *Public Tea Inspector* at this Port.

ALEXANDER COCK.

Office,—*Imon-Hokee-Hong*.

tf 635 Shanghai, Sept. 1st, 1865.

NOTICE.

WE have established a branch of our Firm at Chefoo, and Mr. J. D. THORBURN will sign our Firm per procuration at that place.

MEADOWS & Co.

C 227 Tientsin, 2nd November, 1863.

JOHN POOK,

COMMISSION AGENT,

4, LIME STREET SQUARE,

tf London, E.C.

FOR SALE.

ST. Julien Claret, (Barton & Guestier's) 1-doz. cases. Tls. 8.00
Medoc, (do. do.) „ 5.00
Finest Cognac Brandy,(do. do.) „ 10.00
Sherry, (Yeasts,) „ 8.00
Cognac, (Gleadstanes Coningham,) „ 8.00
Port „ „ „ „ 8.00
„ „ „ „ „ 7.00
Sherry „ „ „ „ 8.00
Champagne, „ 12.00
Soda Water, (Schweppe's,) Tls. 1.25
Nassau Seltzer Water, „ 2.00

CHAPMAN, KING & Co.

tf 223 Shanghai, 1st August, 1865.

INSURANCES.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL.

CAPITAL £2,000,000 Sterling.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents at this Port for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies against Fire on Buildings of European construction or their contents, at current rates of Premium.

WILSON CORNABÉ & Co.

20ap 687 Chefoo, 1st January, 1866.

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.

Established 1821.

EXISTING INSURANCES UPWARDS of 75 MILLIONS.PREMIUMS MODERATE. Settlements of Losses prompt and liberal. No charge for Policies.

Agent at Shanghai,

F. R. GAMWELL.

23ju-66 666 Shanghai, Dec. 23rd, 1865.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated by Royal Charter and Act of Parliament.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

CAPITAL £2,000,000.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents at this Port, Kiukiang, and Hankow for the above Company, and are prepared to accept risks against Fire at each place, on the customary conditions.

For further particulars apply to

GILMAN & Co.

tf 417 Shanghai, 23rd April, 1864.

PHŒNIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies in this Office on the usual terms and conditions to the extent of £10,000, on any one Building with its contents, or to the extent of £50,000 on three or more separate buildings in the same occupancy.

SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.

tf Shanghai, 25th February, 1859.

PHŒNIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are now prepared to grant Policies in this Office on the usual terms and conditions to the extent of Shanghai Taels 15,000 on the contents of any one building situated on the British Concession at Tzechuhlin, Tientsin.

SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.

tf Shanghai, 25th August, 1862.

NETHERLANDS INDIAN MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BATAVIA.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the Company in China, are prepared to grant Insurance on ORDINARY MARINE Risks to Europe, United States, India, the Straits, Java, or the Colonies, at the Rates of Premium current with the Local Offices. *Policies payable in* London, Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, and Batavia.

TURNER & Co.

tf Shanghai, 13th February, 1857.

"HAMBURG—BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY."

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in China for the above named Company are prepared to grant Policies against Fire at Shanghai to the extent of £10,000,—on one risk, as under:

1.—On Buildings or on their contents.

2.—On ships, lying in port, or on their contents.

For further particulars apply to

WM. PUSTAU & Co.,
Agents in Shanghai.

tf Shanghai, 1st December, 1858.

THE NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,250,760 STG.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Insurances against Fire to the extent of £10,000 Stg. on any one Building, or on its contents.

For Terms, &c., apply to

TURNER & Co.

tf Shanghai, 3rd February, 1862.

NOTICE.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned is authorized to grant Policies against Fire on Buildings or their Contents to the extent of £20,000 at this Port, Hankow, Kiukiang and Tientsin.

C. RYLEY

31de-66 325 Shanghai, 14th Feb., 1866.

INSURANCES.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL.

CAPITAL—TWO MILLIONS STERLING INCOME—THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS PER ANNUM.

TRUSTEES:

JOHN SHAW LEIGH, Esq. | JOHN NAYLOR, Esq.
CHARLES TURNER, Esq., *Chairman.*
RALPH BROCKLEBANK, Esq., *Deputy Chairman.*

THE Company is now prepared to grant Policies to the extent of £15,000 on any one Building of European construction or its contents, and to accept Chinese risks to the extent of £8,000 in any locality within the Settlement.

Premiums are payable in drafts at 30 days sight (favor of PERCY M. DOVE, Esq.)

BOWER, HANBURY & Co.,
Agents for Shanghai.

tf 295 Shanghai, 21st Nov., 1863.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above named Company at Shanghai and Hankow, are prepared to grant policies against fire on the usual terms on any one building or its contents, as also on blocks of Chinese buildings.

For terms apply to

TRAUTMANN & Co.

11fe-67 676 Shanghai, 2nd June, 1864.

THE LONDON AND ORIENTAL STEAM TRANSIT INSURANCE OFFICE.

137, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.

JAMES HARTLEY & Co., *Managers.*

ESTABLISHED 1843.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents at Nagasaki for the above office are prepared to accept risks by first class steamers.

GLOVER & Co.

8jy-66 465 Nagasaki, 1st July, 1864.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned have been authorised to GRANT POLICIES against Fire on buildings owned by Europeans and in the occupation of Chinese, provided such buildings are of first class construction and situated in the Foreign Settlement.

TURNER & Co.

tf Shanghai, 9th April, 1862.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above named Company, at this Port are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of £10,000 on Buildings or on Goods stored thereon.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

tf Shanghai, 15th September, 1858.

NORTH-CHINA INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned, as Agents for the above Company, accept Risks on produce shipped from this Port to Shanghai, Amoy, Foochow, Swatow and Hongkong.

MAITLAND, BUSH & Co.
Hong name—Wha-kee.

tf 370 Newchwang, January 1864.

China Fire Insurance Company.

Subscribed Capital Tls. 2,000,000

In 400 Shares, of Taels 5,000 each
Paid up Capital Taels 200,000.

DIRECTORS.

GEORGE TYSON, Esq., (Messrs. Russell & Co.) *Chairman.*
F. PORTER, Esq., (Messrs. Gibb Livingston & Co.)
J. THORNE, Esq. (Messrs. Thorne Bros. & Co.)
A. J. HOW, Esq., (Messrs. Johnson & Co.)
F. H. BELL, Esq., (Messrs. W. R. Adamson & Co.)
E. IYESON, Esq., (Messrs. Bower, Hanbury & Co.)

AGENCIES are established at the several Ports in China and Japan.

F.E. GWYN,—*Actg. Secretary.*

tf 320 Shanghai, 28th Nov., 1865

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned are prepared to grant POLICIES OF INSURANCE on any one Building with its contents, to the extent of £5,000.

W. H. ADAMSON & Co.

tf 619 Shanghai, 10th July, 1865.

INSURANCES.

PHŒNIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

LONDON.

ESTABLISHED IN 1782.

Trustees & Directors.

DECIMUS BURTON, Esq
TRAVERS BURTON, Esq
OCTAVIUS EDWARD COOPE, Esq
WILLIAM COTTON, Esq.
JOHN DAVIS, Esq
GEORGE ARTHUR FULLER, Esq.
CHARLES EMANUEL GOODHART, Esq.
JAMES ALEXANDER GORDON, Esq.
EDWARD HAWKINS, Jun., Esq.
KIRKMAN D. HODGSON, Esq., M.P.
WILLIAM JAMES LANCASTER, Esq.
JOHN DORRIEN MAGENS, Esq
JOHN TIMOTHY OXLEY, Esq,
BENJAMIN SHAW, Esq.
WM. JAMES THOMPSON, Esq.
HENRY HEYMAN TOOMER Esq.
MATTHEW WHITING, Esq.

INSURANCES against Loss by Fire are effected by the PHŒNIX COMPANY, upon every description of Property, in every part of the World, on the most favorable Terms.

The promptitude and liberality with which its engagements are always met by this Company are well known, and the importance of its relations with the Public may be estimated from the fact, that since its establishment it has paid more than *Eight Millions Sterling* in discharge of Claims for Losses by Fire.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above Company, are prepared to insure Buildings, Merchandise, Goods and Property against Fire, for *large amounts.*

They are also authorized to insure Ships in the harbour against Fire, with or without cargo.

Claims will be paid either by the Agents here or the Company in London.

HUGHES, WILLGOSS & Co.

15jy-66 618 Yokohama, 3rd Mar., 1864.

UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents at this Port for the above Company are prepared to grant Policies against Marine Risks at the Current Rates of Premium.

DOW & Co.

31de-66 324 Shanghai, 1st January, 1864.

ALLIANCE FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital £5,000,000 Sterling.

President:

Sir MOSES MONTEFIORE, Bart., F.R.S.

Board of Direction:

JAMES ALEXANDER, Esq., (Alexander, Fletcher & Co.)
C. J. BARNETT, Esp., (Barnett, Hoare, Barnett & Co.)
G. H. BARNETT, Esq., Glympton Park, Woodstock.
BENJAMIN COHEN, Esq., New Court.
JAMES FLETCHER, Esq., (Alexander, Fletcher & Co.)
WILLIAM GLADSTONE, Esq., (Thomson, Bonar & Co.)
G. J. GOSCHEN, Esq., M.P., for the City of London, (Frühling & Goschen.)
SAMUEL GURNEY, Esq., M.P. for Penryn and Falmouth.
JAMES HELME, Esq., Director of the Provincial Bank of Ireland.
SAMPSON LUCAS, Esq., (Lucas, Nicholls & Co.)
ELLIOT MACNAGHTEN, Esq., Director of the Provincial Bank of Ireland.
THOMAS MASTERMAN, Esq., Collingwood House, Brighton.
J. M. MONTEFIORE, Esq., Director of the Provincial Bank of Ireland.
Sir ANTHONY DE ROTHSCHILD, M.P., for the City of London.
THOMAS C. SMITH, Esq., 23, Oxford Square, Hyde Park.

ASSURANCES on buildings and contents, accepted at lowest current rates. Losses promptly and liberally settled.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
Agents in China.

tf 437 Shanghai, 20th May, 1864.

AUSTRALASIAN FIRE, LIFE, AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

(Liability Limited.)

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Shanghai for this Company, are now prepared to issue Policies on Marine Risks only on the usual terms.

Losses can be made payable in Shanghai Hongkong, Calcutta, Melbourne, or London.

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

tf 308 Shanghai, 4th December, 1863

MISCELLANEOUS.

TUPPER & Co.,

Manufacturers of

GALVANIZED CORRUGATED IRON IRON ROOFING, SHEDS, BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, &c. &c.

61 A, MOORGATE STREET, LONDON, E.C.

23de-66 677 December, 23rd, 1865

MISCELLANEOUS.

JUDSON'S ANILINE DYES,

IN Crystals, Powder, or Liquid

Packed in Bottles, 1 and 2 ozs.; or Jars, 1 and 2 lbs. each.

NAMES OF COLOURS

Magenta, Roseine, Fuchsine, Violet
Purple, Crimson, Mauve, Blue,
Green, Canary Orange, Yellow,
Phospnine, Scarlet, Red, Ultramarine.
Brown, Black, Regina, Soluble Blue,

The majority of our *Dyes* are entirely *soluble* in boiling water, and will dye without the addition of other ingredients.

The above may be procured through any London Merchant, or of the Proprietors,

DANIEL JUDSON & SON,
10a, Coleman Street, London.

N.B.—Be sure and write for JUDSON'S Dye.

14oc-66 o-s-w 651 Oct. 14th, 1865.

WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF
Emory, Black Lead, Cabinet Glass Pape, Emery and Glass Cloth,
INDIA RUBBER KNIFE-BOARDS,
Silversmiths' Soap

For Cleaning and Polishing Silver, Electro Plate, Plate Glass, &c.

SCOTCH, FRENCH, LONDON, RUSSIAN, AND OTHER GLOBES.

WELLINGTON MILLS,
Blackfriars Road, London, S.

27jy 690 January 27th, 1866.

TEETH WITHOUT PAIN.

OSTEOEIDON.

PATENT, MARCH 1ST, 1862.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S Invention for supplying Artificial Mineral Teeth, with soft flexible gums, entirely dispensing with the use of springs, wires, or metallic fastenings, and especially adapted for those long resident in warm climates.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

THE OLD ESTABLISHED DENTISTS.

Diplomé 1815.

27, Harley Street, Cavendish Square, and 4 doors from the Railway Bridge, Ludgate Hill, London;

Liverpool: 134, Duke Street.

Birmingham: 65, New Street.

Parties at the extremity of the globe, by forwarding particulars as to the condition of their mouths, with an enclosure of One Guinea, will receive by return that which will enable them to take an impression of the mouth, so as to enable Messrs. G. to forward either a partial or complete set of Teeth.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED ODONTALGIQUE, for restoring and preserving the Teeth, 10s. 6d. and 21s. per bottle. Patent White Enamel for stopping Front Teeth, warranted never to change colour, 5s. and 10s. 6d. per packet; and the Gutta Percha 1s. 6d. per box.

GABRIEL'S Practical Treatise on the Teeth, which explains the numerous advantages obtainable by their patented method, may be had of their Agents, or will be furnished direct on receipt of Twelve Stamps.

13my-66 599 May 13th, 1865.

Rue St. Martin 298 *à Paris.*

A LA CORBEILLE FLEURIE.

PINAUD'S EXTRA FINE PERFUMERY.

Perfumer to Her Majesty the Queen of England.

PRODUCTS SPECIALLY RECOMMENDED

Violet Vinegar.—For the toilet, most exquisitely perfumed, gives new life to the epiderme, renders the skin soft and delicate; and removes effectually spots and pimples of every description.

Eau de Cologne.—Extra fine and extra strong, specially requisite in hot climates as necessary for the health, and for dissipating dangerous miasmas.

Lettuce Juice Soap.—Adopted by all the fashionable world for the brilliancy it imparts to the skin.

Nymphean Juice Soap.—Most delicately and exquisitely perfumed.

Extra fine Wild Flower Pomade.—For preserving and regenerating the hair, which it renders silky and abundant.

Modulline Oil.—For beautifying the hair specially perfumed with *Violettes de Parme*, unequalled for softness and delicacy of perfume, and is adopted for this reason by all the elegants of the day. It is a most precious toilet article,—no toilet table is complete without it.

Hygienic Elixirs and Powders.—For the teeth. These products render the teeth most brilliant, sweeten and perfume the breath, and give a healthy rose color to the gums.

Alpasino.—An emulsive cream, invented by Mr. Mignot, and for which Mr. Pinaud is the sole amd general agent. It is a brilliant white composed entirely of vegetable substances, may be used without any danger, and its use cannot be detected.

The above named preparations, and a host of others, have gained for PINAUD the splendid reputation his articles enjoy throughout the world, the best proof of which exists in the numerous rewards obtained in all the exhibitions;

Principal Wholesale Establishment, 298 Rue St. Martin. } Paris.
Principal Retail Establishment, 30, Boulevard des Italiens }
General Depot in Shanghai, at
J. LLEWELLYN & Co.

tf 615 30th September, 1865.

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ADVERTISEMENTS.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL..... £2,500,000.

(Fully Subscribed)

THE undersigned being the Agents for the Fire business of above Company are prepared to grant policies at current rates of Premium.

BEAIN, TATE & Co.
o 703 Shanghai, 9th April, 1866.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON AND CHINA.

SHANGHAE BRANCH.

THE Bank grants Drafts on the London Joint Stock Bank, and on the Head Office in London and its Branches at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Colombo, Galle, Penang, Singapore, Hongkong, Mauritius, and Yokohama.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS (withdrawable by cheques) kept, on which no commission is charged nor interest allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at interest.

LOCAL BILLS discounted and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

NOTES in Shanghai Currency payable to Bearer on demand (Tls. 5, Tls. 10, Tls. 50, Tls. 100. &c., each) issued.

Office Hours 10 to 3.
Saturdays 10 to 1
Yew-lee,
tf 562 *Hangchow Road.*

COMMERCIAL BANK CORPORATION OF INDIA AND THE EAST.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

Paid up Capital £1,000,000, with Power to Increase to £2,000,000.

Head Office—64, Moorgate Street, London, E.C.

LONDON BANKERS.
LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.
SOLICITORS.
MESSRS CLARKE, SON & RAWLINGS.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, FOOCHOW, HANKOW, YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.

THE Bank negociates and collects Bills, and grants Drafts on its Branches and Agencies as above. It also acts as the Agent of parties in making investment in English and Indian public securities.

The Bank also discounts or makes advances on *Private Bills and Notes*, bearing at least two approved names unconnected in general partnership; or bearing only one name, if accompanied by the deposits of adequate collateral security.

Loans are granted upon produce or merchandize stored in the Bank's own Godowns or in those of Public Companies; but *under no circumstances whatever, will any advance be made on produce or merchandize stored in the Godowns of the borrower.*

Produce and Merchandize offered as security for loans must be accompanied by a certificate of value and quality signed by an approved Inspector or Broker.

Rebate of interest at 2 per cent per annum under the rate charged by the Bank will be allowed on loans paid off before maturity. *Drawing accounts* opened with firms or individuals. A person having a Drawing account *may* have a Discount account, but no one can have the latter without having the former.

In purchasing Bills of Exchange, Mexican Dollars or Bullion delivery of the same will only be taken at the Bank.

The Bank will require when purchasing Documentary Bills, the complete set of Bills of Lading and Policies of Insurance, together with a *full copy of the Original Invoice in duplicate, stating particulars in detail*; the margin stipulated for is in all cases to be on the *net cost of the produce.*

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Repayable on	3 Month	3 % annum.
do.	6 „	4 „
do.	9 „	6 „
do.	12 „	7 „

Office hours 10 to 4; Saturdays 10
tf 3635 Shanghai, June 24th, 1865

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

Incorporated by National Decrees of 27th and 8th March, 1848, and by Imperial Decree of 25th July, 1854.

HEAD OFFICE, PARIS.
Agencies at, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Calcutta, Bombay and Bourbon.

PAID-UP CAPITAL
Frs. 40,000,000—£1,600,000 Sterlg.

RESERVED FUND
Frs. 10,000,000—(£400,000 Sterling.)

SHANGHAI AGENCY.

THIS Agency grants Drafts and Letters of Credit on the Union Bank of London, on the General redit & Finance Company of London, Limited. } London. on Messrs. C. J. Hambro & Son }

On the Head Office in Paris, and its Agencies as above, also on the principal towns of Continental Europe Egypt, Asia, Mauritius, and Australia.

Bills on the above named places negotiated for the departures of both the English and French Mails.

Bills on France will be purchased at the parity of the current rates of Exchange on London.

The Agency discounts local bills bearing at least two signatures, grants loans on Bullion, specie, merchandise and other approved securities, and receives deposits, in account current, the terms for which may be ascertained at the office.

E. MOREL,
Acting Manager.
20 my-66 9090 Shanghai, May 20th, 1864.

Miscellaneous Intelligence.

NOTICE.—DIVINE SERVICE is held every Sunday Morning at 11.30 o'clock, and Evening at 7.30 o'clock, in the American Episcopal Chapel, Hong-que.

NOTICE.—TRINITY CHURCH.—DIVINE SERVICE is celebrated every Sunday at 11 A.M. and 3 P.M. Holy Communion is administered on the first Sunday of every month.

Persons not holding Pews are at liberty to occupy any seats they may find vacant when the reading of "The Psalms" is finished.

NOTICE.—HOLY MASS is held in the Roman Catholic Chapel near the French Consulate, every Sunday at 7 and 9 o'clock in the morning, and BENEDICTION at 4 o'clock in the evening.

NOTICE.—DIVINE SERVICE is held at the Union Chapel (Shantung Road) every Sunday Morning at 11 o'clock, and in the Evening at 6 o'clock; also on Thursday Evening at 6 o'clock.

LATEST DATES.

England,... (tel.)	Mar. 6	Hankow.....	Apr. 5
Hongkong,.....	Apr. 7	Nagasaki,.....	„ 1
Tientsin,.....	Apr. 7	Yokohama,.....	„ 1

Latest dates in England, from China,—

Hongkong,.....	Dec. 30	Received via Marseilles,	
Shanghai,.....	„ 23	Feb. 13th.	

OPIUM QUOTATIONS
For the week ending April 14th, 1866.

Malwa.		Patna,	Benares,
April Nov.—Tls.	Oct.—Tls.	Nov.—Tls.	Tls.
7,.....	595.....	.....550 @ 555.....	
9,.....	570.....	.....535.....	
12,.....	565.....	.....530.....	
11,.....	560 @ 565.....	.....525 @ 530.....	
12,.....	565.....	.....525 @ 530.....	
13,.....	560 @ 565.....	.....540.....	

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED.—April 13th, *Pan Shun*, (Chi. str.) Hore, from Chinkiu; *Kiangse*, (Am. str.) Law, from Ningpo; *Miss Craig*, (Br. bq.) Leveson, from Sydney. 14th, *Tientsin*, (Am. str.) Andrews, from Hankow; *Empress*, (Br. str.) Whitelaw, from Ningpo; *Water Lily*, (Br. bg.) Towers, from Penang; *Hintang*, (Br. bg.) Dunlop, from Ningpo; *Japan*, (Br. str.) Bell, from Tientsin.

DEPARTED.—April 13th, *Kiangse*, (Am. str.) Law, for Ningpo.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.—Per *Hiogo* from Nagasaki.—Mr. and Mrs. Alt, Messrs. Glover & Carren.

DEPARTED.—Per *Dupleix* for Yokohama.—Messrs. Nivaud, John Moore, Ed. Wallace, Nachtrieb, Hildebrand, Trene, Glover, B. Perez, W. Edmin, Mr. and Mrs. Birch, and 3 Chinese. Per *Ariou* for Nagasaki.—Messrs. Borradaile, Smith, Neil, Germain, Adams, Lindau, and 7 Chinese. Per *Hiogo* for Nagasaki.—Dr. Grattens, Messrs. Alt., Jensen, Annuhhi, Echmann, Sjöberg, and 20 Chinese.

ONE of the P. & O. Co.'s Steamers, with Mails, &c., for Europe, is appointed toleave on Monday the 23rd instant.

THE London Mail of the 26th Feb., due in Hongkong on the 8th April, and here on the 13th.—It arrived last year on the 15th April per *Ganges*.

THE French Mail of March 17th, due in Hongkong on the 28th April, and here on the 5th of May. It arrived last year on the 7th of May per Str. *Labourdonnais*.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISING.—To Subscribers. Ten Lines and under, *One Tael*;—each additional line, *One Mace*. One-half of these charges for repetitions. Contracts may be made for 3 months, or longer, *payable in advance*.

☞ *Advertisements will be repeated unless countermanded.*

ORDERS.—From other ports, for Subscription and Advertisements, must be accompanied by a reference for payment in Shanghai, or they cannot be attended to, in consequence of the inconvenience of collecting small sums at distant places.

PRICE OF THE *NORTH-CHINA HERALD*.—Per Annum, *Fifteen Taels*;—Six Months, *Eight Taels*;—Three Months, *Four Taels*;—*all payable in advance*. SINGLE NUMBERS.—To Subscribers, *2 mace* each.—To Non-Subscribers, *Five mace*. Subscriptions will be considered as renewed, unless notice to the contrary be given before the expiry of the current term.

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The North-China Herald.

IMPARTIAL, NOT NEUTRAL.

SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, APRIL 14, 1866.

FROM some causes hitherto unexplained the number of candidates for literary distinctions in the provinces has of late seriously fallen off. We related some weeks ago the case of the Hsio-tai or literary Commissioner of Keangsu coming to a city and finding not one candidate for the degree of sow-tsai, and we have since learned that the same thing occurred at other places within his district. It is difficult to assign a satisfactory cause for this falling off in the interest which before attached to literary pursuits. The rebellion has not been without its influence, but its effects have been somewhat over-rated. So soon as it was possible to establish any form of government in a provincial capital, the rebels opened the examination halls, and at the stated periods conducted examinations closely resembling those prescribed by law. The standard they demanded was not by any means despicable, although no doubt the subjects which by the Imperial examiners would have been exclusively attended to, were by the Taipings mixed with religious dogmas and the peculiar tenets of the reformed creed. That they had amongst them some men of considerable literary ability is proved by the faultless style of certain of their proclamations, although as a rule their manifestoes were almost unintelligible. It was also proved by the fact that at the last Chüjên examination in this province the best men had taken their sew-tsai or Bachelor of Arts degree under the rebels. While however the Taipings thus in one sense encouraged learning and offered solid prizes for its attainment, the constant ferment wherein they kept the provinces over which they spread, neutralised the effect of what was done in the capital cities. Students in country villages could devote but a small share of their attention to books when they were liable at a moment's warning to find themselves summoned to the field, or obliged to fight in defence of their own families and dwellings. The depopulation of Keangsu and the adjacent provinces must also have had a serious effect upon the gross number of aspirants for literary honours, even assuming that the relative proportion of scholars was actually kept up. Accepting these different explanations and admitting that they are sufficient to account for a serious falling off, we must yet seek some other cause before we can explain a circumstance so unprecedented as the total absence of candidates in a district such as that of Sungkong, embracing within it Shanghai, which had for somewhat more than three years been undisturbed by rebels. We may account for it by the gradual growth of a practical spirit among those Chinese who have been brought within foreign influence, and the consequent awakening of the "literary class." We need hardly remind those who have studied the history of China, or have even read the popular works written on the country, that the "literati" have ever been a turbulent and troublesome party, the terror of the lower provincial magistrates who could exercise little or no jurisdiction over them. But at the ports and in the surrounding districts where from constant intercourse with foreigners the people have become more practical and independent, the literati can no longer exercise that influence which sprang from the reverence wherewith the working classes once regarded them. Their social position having thus suffered, there is naturally less anxiety to gain a place among their ranks, and hence the falling off in the number of aspirants for literary distinction. We have thus undermined so far as our influence has extended the very foundations of the Chinese political system, and it is only fair to ask what we have given in exchange. We have made the natives with whom we have come in contact, no better and no wiser. It is true we have introduced and taught much foreign trickery which when combined with that of native growth, renders a Chinese who has for any considerable period been in foreign employment, a most dangerous client. But we should now direct our attention towards replacing by a system of European education the system which we have brought into disrepute and rendered inoperative.

SIR Edmund Hornby's decision in the case of Sinkee *v.* Hogg will disturb the equanimity of a number of Chinese owners of property in the foreign settlement. Notwithstanding the rule that natives cannot hold land within the limits marked off for the residence of foreigners, it is a well known fact that they do own a very large portion; the rule to the contrary being easily evaded by a private arrangement between the desiring purchaser and some foreigner in whom he placed confidence. The former paid the price, the latter registered the title-deeds in his own name; and the Chinaman, relying implicitly on the good faith of his associate in the transaction, rested happy in the belief that he had made a good investment which he could realise whenever the emergency arose. The case in point is one out of many similar. Two Chinese named Quang-yeh and Sin-kee combined to purchase a certain property, which Mr. Edward Jonner Hogg was begged to register in his name at the British Consulate. Unfortunately, as it now happens, for the second partner, he was unacquainted with the latter gentleman; and negociations were conducted by Quang-yeh, to whom alone and individually Mr. Hogg's reply, accepting the trust and recognising the nature of the transaction, was addressed. Quang-yeh appears to have been unhappy in his business transactions and has resorted to flight, as the most ready means of escaping from difficulty, leaving his partner Sin-kee in possession of the title-deeds and recognised landlord in respect of the tenants, but unpossessed of any document connecting himself and Mr. Hogg. The latter accordingly, acting as trustee to Quang-yeh, ignores the new claimant and insists that, until Quang-yeh's reappearance he holds the beneficial as well as legal right in the disputed property. Out of this position of affairs the present action arises. Sinkee naturally wishes to receive his share in rental of property, of which half belongs to him. But Mr. Hogg recognises Quang-yeh only in the matter and assumes that he would be failing in his trust towards the latter if he allowed the property to fall into the hands of a third party. The intervention of the Supreme Court is sought to solve the difficulty; but the Court declines to interfere, on the ground that as the Treaty forbids a Chinese to hold property within the precincts of the foreign settlement, it is impossible to recognise his claim to be placed in possession of property so situated which he has acquired by subterfuge, and of which a foreigner is the recognised legal possessor. As we before remarked, this decision will cause some consternation among Chinese land-owners. It is true the plaintiff's right to the property in this case was open to question, although the fact that he holds the deeds and was recognised by the tenants as their landlord, is strong *prima facie* evidence in his favour. But this phase of the question is altogether ignored. The Court offers no opinion as to his being or not being entitled in equity to a beneficial interest. It simply declares that, in virtue of his nationality, he cannot be recognised as owner of any real property within the limits of the foreign settlement. Every Chinese therefore who has bought land so situated, under cloak of a foreign name, is, by the present decision assured that he has no security for his money other than the honor of his foreign associate in the transaction. In the large majority of instances, that security would of course be ample; but the tenure is none the less unsatisfactory. Complications may at any moment arise, through the absence, death or failure of either party to the agreement; and if the executors or assignees relied on the strict letter of the law, or if difficulty were found in establishing the Chinaman's interest, he would inevitably be ignored. It can hardly be said that the legal inability of Chinese to hold property within the limits of the foreign settlement was not previously known. The fact that land owned by them is registered in foreign names, proves that it was so. But this inability has certainly not before been made so prominent; nor has it been generally appreciated that their inability extended so far as to disqualify them from sueing for a recovery of their property, if withheld. If Sir Edmund Hornby's decision became generally known among the Chinese, as it no doubt will, many will be inclined to revise their title-deeds and place their tenure on a more satisfactory basis, by obtaining collateral security.

In the early days of the settlement, before the influx of Chinese flying from the advancing rebels had raised the value of property to the fabulous height it afterwards attained; a few gentlemen combined to purchase a certain tract of land on the old race course, for purposes of amusement. During the height of the mania, opportunity was taken to sell this land which had originally cost we believe about $5,000, for Tls. 49,425, and the proceeds were appropriated as a Recreation Fund, to be expended as might be deemed wise in aid of schemes for the amusement and recreation of residents. Two of the trustees left Shanghai shortly after assuming their duties, and the fund remained nearly two years in the hands of the third, whose acts in reference to it were unquestioned up to the time of his departure. It would manifestly be unjust to complain thus late in the day of management which passed uncriticised at the time. If the results have been unsatisfactory, the shareholders in the fund, that is the public, can only blame the apathy which neglected to seek account or explanation during so long a period. This apathy however has now been shaken off, and succeeded by a spirit of active enquiry. Private agitation has been going on, meetings have been held, and a committee has been appointed to investigate the affairs. The result of their labours is shown in the published account. Out of the original sum of Tls. 49,425, Tls. 19,000 have been expended on the purchase and levelling of a cricket ground, Tls. 2,000 on account of a base-ball ground, and Tls. 1,200 on account of a boat-house, besides various other minor sums which reduce the sum in hand after adding to it the interest which has accrued, to about Tls. 24,000. This sum is invested in mortgage on the Shanghai Club Building, and now that a desire has arisen to avail of it, is easily attainable. Were it not that we believe the majority of shareholders are wise to scatter it in the hundred and one phantasies which are put forward, it would be a subject for congratulation that it is so locked. Every conceivable scheme, from a public park to a tenement and from a theatre to a church steeple, has been put forward as deserving assistance. In fact, if the silver mines of Potosi were available, it is evident means would be found to exhaust them. As however the fund is far from inexhaustible, it will behove the Committee to keep a tight hand on it and we are glad to see they command a wholesale rejection of the claims they enumerate. It would be well to make a rule that any application for aid from the Recreation Fund be sent to the Committee before it is laid before the shareholders, in order that it may be by them reported upon and published,—after which sanction the expenditure might be sought. There is danger that a request for aid put in the form of a resolution at any meeting may, without this precaution, be hastily admitted and more leisurely repented of. We have already in Shanghai a perfect maze of small clubs, involving perpetual calls for entrance fees and subscriptions which amount at the end of the year to a sum equalling a moderate income. The Club *par excellence*, the boat club, the race club, the rifle club, the senior bowling alley club, the junior bowling alley club, the hare and hound club, the gymnasium and the volunteer force occur to us at the moment. A scheme for embodying a number of these under one roof and management appears well worthy of consideration. We have already one Club, one legacy by which rests like an incubus on the Recreation Fund at the present moment, but almost the sole satisfaction derivable from it is the being able to obtain there a worse glass of sherry and bitters than at home. It is no place of reunion or amusement, and is ill-managed as to render it an entirely undesirable residence. Without desiring to cast a slur on the old adage, *Bonti qui vivere est bibere*, we would gladly see established a Club where other amusement could also be obtained; billiard rooms, a library and chess-room, and a theatrical saloon, might all be combined under one roof or at least on one spot, besides several of the existing minor institutions; and a small proportion of the sums expended on these sources of amusement in different directions would, if consolidated and added to the present Club subscription, go far to place such a new institution in easy monetary circumstances. The suggestion is at present made in a crude form, as being worthy of consideration. It is capable of much limited expansion or contraction as circumstances or fancy may dictate; but to some such scheme would certainly be more worthy of support than either a bronze pillar or a church steeple. The original outlay would be large; but economy would be promoted in the end by the great saving that would be effected in subscription; and a centralised institution would be more likely to flourish, from the concentration of support which is now divided.

Summary of the Week.

A meeting of the Rowing Club has been held, at which it was determined to endeavour to get a new boat house built as an investment, for which rent should be paid. A meeting of sports men has also been held to devise some means to check the destruction of game during the breeding season.

NEWCHWANG correspondence records the fracas at that port between the U. S. consul and some Chinese banditti, a boy of whom kidnapped the Consul's servant. Mr. Knight, on going to the spot where the boy had been confined, was attacked and compelled to fly; but returned shortly afterwards with a body of seamen and entered the house. The mandarins confessed to their powerlessness to act, by giving the Consul permission to pull down the house. Part of the crew of the Russian vessel *Lee Mitchell* which was lost last autumn on the Corean coast have been discovered in the Moukden and released by the indefatigable foreign visitors. They had been forwarded through the Corea and handed over to the Chinese authorities.

SPORTING.

A meeting of sportsmen was held on Monday afternoon, for the purpose of devising measures to check the destruction of game which takes place at the present season. *Present* Messrs. King, Markham, Fearon, George, Cooper, Lucas, &c.

Mr. King, having been voted to the chair, dwelt briefly on the object of the meeting, to preserve game from destruction before the recognised dates of 1st March and 1st September, and proposed,

That an association be formed called the Sportsmen's association of Shanghai, with a view of preserving pheasants from destruction during the breeding season.

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Mr. Markham seconded this resolution which was carried unanimously.

It was then proposed by Mr. Cooper and seconded by Mr. Lucas,

That Messrs. King, Markham and E. J. Hogg be appointed a Committee to the association for the purpose of drawing up rules, &c.

This was also carried unanimously.

Mr. Hogg then proposed and Mr. King seconded

That Mr. Cooper be requested to act as Secretary to the association.

Mr. Cooper having signified his willingness to act in that capacity, the meeting separated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman.

A. DENT,
Hon. Sec.

THE CONCERT AT THE CONCORDIA.

Among the many recent Amateur performances, none was more welcome than the Concert given on Tuesday evening by the members of the "Club Concordia" at their Club House. The pleasing variety of a concert formed a striking contrast to the excellent Amateur Dramatic performances with which we have been favored, and the entertainment under notice will rank with the most successful of the season.

The Concert commenced with the favourite overture to "L'Italiana in Algieri" which was admirably played by the orchestra, and was succeeded by a part song, "Wanderlied." A Violoncello solo followed and was indeed a rarer treat. It is seldom even at home that one hears finer playing, and we have great reason to congratulate ourselves on having such a talented gentleman among us as the performer. A Song and Violin solo were next given and received the applause they merited.

The first part concluded with Beethoven's Trio No. 1 in E flat, for Violin, Violoncello & Piano Forte. It would be superfluous to say more than that the well known ability of the gentlemen taking part in this piece was sufficient guarantee for its excellence.

After a few minutes interval the second part of the entertainment commenced with a Piano Forte Solo, Chopin's Grand Waltz in A flat, which was beautifully played by a well known amateur, and we hope at a future time to hear this gentleman in a piece better suited to his talents. Another part song followed, and then the greatest success of the evening, a Violin Solo, "Souvenir de Bellini," which was perfectly played, and the applause which followed fully showed the audience's appreciation of the performance. Another vocal Solo, "Der Trompeter," and the Concert was brought to an end with the overture to "Il Barbiere" by the Orchestra.

A more agreeable evening we have not spent for a long time, and we hope this is but the beginning of a series of concerts of a similar kind. It is to be regretted the Club has not larger accomodation, for no doubt many were thus prevented from being present. We must congratulate the performers on their very great success, and the Committee of management on the general arrangements and decorations which were in excellent taste. The public are deeply indebted to the "Club Concordia" for so pleasant an evening, and we shall look forward with anxiety to the announcement of a similar entertainment.

THE ROWING CLUB.

Minutes of a meeting of the Members of the SHANGHAI ROWING *Club held at the Shanghai Club, on 6th April.* 1866.

PRESENT—Messrs. R. W. Little, A. A. Hayes, A. C. Westall, W. Stout, B. W. Fellowes, A. Fiher, E. Fischer, M. C. Despard, F. Evans, and A. Dent, Honorary Secretary.

Mr. R. W. Little was voted to the Chair.

The Chairman in opening the proceedings respected the Hon. Sec. Mr. A. Dent, to read the minutes of the last meeting, after which he called the attention of the meeting to a letter of Mr. Dent's to the Trustees of the Recreation Club, asking for Tls. 2,500 for their projected new Boat-house by the Soochow Bridge, and exposed his hope that the Recreation Club might soon come forward and assist the Rowing Club considerably in the object they have in view.

Mr. A. A. Hayes, as one of the Committee of management of the Recreation Club, said that he was afraid that but little help could be expected from that quarter for a long time, and therefore added that the financial state of their affairs made them appear at present almost bankrupt.

After some discussion with reference to the means the Rowing Club could employ to raise money for building their new house, it was finally resolved :—

That the Committee be recommended to induce some individual to build a Houthouse as an investment, the rent being guaranteed by members of the Club.

On which several members stated that they would be happy to form a part of the number that should guarantee the rent to the Builder of the house.

The Chairman then pointed out to the meeting the expense that new members would have to undergo to belong to the Club under the present rules. The annual subscription having been fixed at the meeting held on January 11th at Ils. 15, and the entrance fee being left at Tls. 25, made in all Tls. 40 for a new member, which he was of opinion was an expense that few persons would care to incur.

It was then proposed as an amendment by Mr. A. Dent, seconded by Mr. A. C. Westall,

That the entrance fee be reduced to Tls. 15. Amendment carried.

The Chairman, in reference to the Canteen account of the Club for last season, said that a great discrepancy had been caused, which he had no doubt was by members not signing the book properly or by not signing at all. Their Debtor-accounts for beer being over Tls. 100 and signatures in the book showed only 470 glasses, which made the cost per glass at over 2 mace, which should not be the case. But he was of opinion that the Club would be willing to be part of the expense this time, trusting that members would be more particular in future.

It was then decided that the beer should be charged at 1 mace per glass for this time.

Mr. A. A. Hayes proposed and Mr. F. Evans seconded, that for the future beer should be done away with altogether. This motion was however lost by a large majority.

Several gentlemen were then named to fill the post of Committeeman, rendered vacant by the resignation of Mr. F. Major.

Mr. B. W. Fellowes, proposed by Mr. M. C. Despard, seconded by Mr. F. Evans, was however finally elected.

Mr. R. W. Little, proposed by Mr. A. Dent, seconded by Mr. W. Stout, was then appointed to act as Captain to the Club.

Here the proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman.

A. DENT,
Hon. Sec.

THE RECREATION FUND.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE RECREATION FUND.

Gentlemen,—The committee appointed by the general body of Shareholders at a meeting held at the Club House on Tuesday the 20th March 1866, commenced its investigations immediately after the dissolution of the meeting aforesaid, and they now beg to lay before the Shareholders all the particulars regarding the Recreation Fund that they have been able to acquire.

An interview was immediately sought with the two resident Trustees, Messrs. Dixwell and Keswick, from whom your committee learnt that no portion of the money belonging to the Fund had ever reached their possession, and these gentlemen considered that their duties under the Trust deed had been fulfilled by the registration of their names as owners of the land. In this your committee coincide with them; moreover the Trustees declined to take possession of any money either at the present or at any future time, and both gentlemen notified their desire to be relieved from the Trust, Mr. Dixwell on account of his ill health, and Mr. Keswick by reason of his early departure from Shanghai.

It is necessary to bring to the notice of the Shareholders that a clause in the deed of trust provides for the especial exemption of the trustees from any responsibility whatsoever in the carrying or administration of the trust property.

Messrs. Hayes and Hogg having audited the accounts, report that the statement rendered in the name of Mr. Dent, as Treasurer, is substantially correct. The highest sum ever standing to the credit of the Fund after the sale of the old Recreation Ground was about Tls. 49,500. From this, the Boat Club has been assisted ..... with Tls. 1,100.

The BaseBall Club	"	" 2,000
The Cricket Club.....	"	" 6,557.1.8

(for actual expenditure in raising, levelling and preparing the ground); and an expense of about Tls. 16,500 has been incurred in the purchase of the inner ring of ground comprising about 460 Mow, bounded by the present Race Course, of which by far the larger portion is still lying idle and unused. This sum of Tls. 16,500 includes the first cost of the land, the annual rents paid up to date, and various amounts for the clearance of graves and houses; but your Committee find that a balance of Tls. 3,127.9.4 has never yet been paid and is still due and owing to the proprietors of the Race Course, with interest at 8 per cent per annum from 23rd October 1862.

The amount due from the Club House for money lent is Tls. 31,776.71 inclusive of interest at 8 per cent per annum to the 1st April 1866, and your committee recommend that Tls. 10,000 be applied for at once to liquidate the debts due by the Fund, and that a formal deed of mortgage, with provision for the repayment of the capital at early specified dates, be taken for the balance.

The sum of Mexican Dollars 6,900, being the original amount paid up on 138 shares, was never repaid by the old Committee, in accordance with the pledge given by them, and your Committee recommend that this amount be returned so soon as money is forthcoming, together with interest at 8 per cent per annum.

Your Committee find that the only document bearing upon the administration of the Fund monies is contained in a letter from the old committee, dated the 11th April 1863, addressed to the Trustees, and attached to the Deed of Trust by a Consular seal. It is written thereon :—

"We pledge ourselves to apply the proceeds "of this property to the purchase of another "Recreation Ground and to the furtherance of "such other public objects *as may be deemed "expedient by a majority of the shareholders* "in the late Recreation Ground."

The grants of the Committee, of which Mr. Henry Dent appears ultimately to have been the sole representative, are invalid; but assuming that the Shareholders will confirm his appropriation of the monies of the Fund to the objects above specified, a resolution to that effect should be passed at the general meeting now called.

Mr. Tate has paid in the sum of Tls. 914.1.6, an old balance remaining in his hands, when Treasurer to the Fund in 1862. With this an account has been opened with the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Company in the name of the Committee, the united signatures of *any three* of their number being necessary for withdrawal, and the Bank agrees to allow interest on this and any other deposits at the rate of 8 per cent per annum.

The Fund is liable for about Tls. 500 per annum for Ground Rent on the land owned in the interior of the Race Course, and your Committee recommend, that the Treasury recipients of the Fund shall pay an annual rent, computed at the rate of 8 per cent, per annum, on all monies advanced to them.

On the basis the Cricket club will pay annually to the Fund,... Tls. 532 5.7
The Base Ball Club, ... " 100.0.0
The Boat Club, ... " 112.0.0

Making a total of Tls. 804 5.7

The Shareholders will have to decide on the future administration of the Fund; whether to capitalize it, disbursing only the interests as they accrue year by year; or whether to devote the whole available amount to some desirable public purpose, hereafter to be agreed upon.

Your Committee have to bring to your notice that applications for more money have been made by the Cricket Club and the Boat Club, but your Committee cannot recommend that any further grants be made to either.

An application has been received from the Municipal Council for a grant towards the construction of a public garden and promenade on the ground known as the Consulate Flat.—A grant has also been asked for in aid of the funds for the Church Steeple, and a Theatre had likewise been put forward as a desirable object for the absorption of a portion of the fund.

Another mode of employing the whole balance of the fund, so soon as it could be made available is the purchase of an extent of ground in the vicinity of the settlement, on the Woosung Road, to become a pleasure park, with perhaps farm lands that might be made productive of revenue; but as the fund owns already so large a space in the centre of the Race Course, it would doubtless be more desirable to embellish that by slow degrees. An obstacle to planting it with trees is offered however by one of the provisions imposed by the vendors (the Race Course Proprietors) by which the fund is bound to do nothing with the land likely in any way to obstruct the clear view of the course and the biennial races which are now held there.

Your Committee append an audited statement of the late Treasurer's Account Current; and having adverted to so many modes for the employment of the fund, they now leave it to the Shareholders to select that one which may may appear to them most conducive to the pleasure and recreation of the whole community.

(Signed) E. F. Duncanson,
" A. A. Hayes,
" J. P. Tate,
" E. J. Hogg,
" A. J. How,
} *Committee.*

TREASURER'S ACCOUNT.

Dr. Shanghai Recreation Fund in account current with H. W. Dent, *Treasurer.*

1863		
April 7	To paid Dallas, Pearson & Co. commission on selling land, &c.....Tls.	563.—
" 7	To this amount loaned Shanghai Club at 8 per cent per annum, ...12,500.—	
May 7	To this amount loaned Chinese Bankers at 3 per cent per mo. for one month.....12,500.—	
June 15	To this amount loaned Shanghai Club at 8 per cent per annum .....24,800.—	
Oct. 17	To paid E. Lawrance, drawing Deed of Settlement, ...	25.—
1865		
Mar. 31	To Balance at Dr. of Cricket ground, transferred, being cost of same to date, including cost of land inside the Race Course.....Tls. 12,600 19,031.44	
May 19	To Cash paid ground rent, lot No. 715 Deed No. 703.....	503.91
" 19	To Cash paid Farnham & Co., on account new Boat house on Soochow Creek	1,200.—
" 31	To Cash paid H. W. Boone, grant for construction of Base Ball ground, ...	2,000.—
June 30	To Cash paid Farnham & Co., on account of contract for new Boat house,.....	200.—
	Tls...79,923.35	
	To Balance carried down, ...2,303 87	
July	—To paid A. Groom, amount of Carting Co.'s Bill for rolling ground.....	115.—
	Tls., 2,418.87	

Cr.

1863		
Mar. 7	By Cash from E M. Smith, account Sale of Old Cricket ground, ...12,500.—	
Apr. 11	By Cash from E. M. Smith, account Sale of Old Cricket ground, ...12,500.—	
May 7	By Cash from E. M. Smith, account Sale of Old Cricket ground, ...12,500.—	
" 7	By 1 month interest from Shanghai Club on Tls. 12,500 loaned 7th April 1863 at 8 per cent, ...	83.33
June 7	By Cash from E. M. Smith, account Sale of Old Cricket ground, balance.....11,925.—	
" 7	Interest from Chinese Bankers on Tls. 12,500, loaned 7th May 1863 at 3 per cent per month'.....	375.—
" 7	1 month interest from Shanghai Club on Tls. 12,500 loaned 7th April 1863 at 8 per cent per annum.....	83.33
Dec. 31	By Interest from Shanghai Club on Tls. 12,500 from 7th June to date, 207 days at 8 per cent, ...	567.12
	Tls. 21,849 from 15th June to date, 199 days at 8 per cent, ...	1,081.68
1864		
June 30	By Interest debited Shanghai Club 6 months on Tls. 37,300 at 8 per cent from Jan. 1st to date.....	1,492.—
Dec. 31	By do. do. Tls. 37,300 at 8 per cent from 1st July to date, ...	1,492.—
1865		
May 18	By Interest from Shanghai Club on Tls. 37,300 from 1st Jan. to date, 137 days at 8 per cent, ...	1,120.02
" 18	Transfer from Shanghai Club, reducing loan from.....Tls. 37,300	
	To 33,900	
	Tls. 3,400	
	viz., Cash from mo....3,338.33	
	" " Secretary of Club,..... 61.68	3,400.—
" 18	By Balance carried down,...	2,303.87
	Tls...73,923.35	

Dependency.

Loan to Shanghai Club, Interest from 18th to 31st May 1865 at 8 per cent on Tls. 33,900—13 days,.....Tls. 96.59

E. & O. E.
Shanghai, 20th June. 1865.
(Signed) H. W. Dent.

Particulars of above .....Tls. 2,418.87
To amount due to the Treasurer 823.99
To amount paid by the Treasurer, ... 115.—
To amount due Shanghai Club, difference on Interest at 8 per cent and 10 per cent..... 1,479.88 2,418.87

Audited and found correct.

(Signed) { A. A. Hayes, Junr.
E. J. Hogg.

H. B. M. SUPREME COURT.

April 12th.

Before Sir E. Hornby.

SINKEE *v.* HOGG.

JUDGMENT.

This is an application nominally praying that certain rents which, under an injunction obtained by Sinkee against Mr. Hogg, were ordered to be paid into the Consulate should now be paid out to the applicant. In reality however it is an application calling upon this court to declare that the right and title to a lot of land with the premises thereon situated within the limits set apart for the residence of foreigners at this port, is not in the person in whose name the property is registered; but is the property of the applicant, inasmuch as he paid part of the purchase money. The circumstances under which this injunction was obtained were as follows. It appeared that Sinkee was, through other persons who resided on the premises, in possession of certain houses, the title deeds of which were in the name of Edward Hogg, in trust as appears by a document signed by Hogg for a Chinaman of the name Quanzyeh. Kwang-yeh has disappeared and Mr. Hogg entered upon the premises, put bills upon them, and desired the occupiers to pay no rent to any one but himself. Upon this, Sinkee applied to this Consulate to compel Mr. Hogg to return to him possession of the premises; and the Consulate, before the establishment of this court, without prejudice to the rights of either party, with reference to which it does not seem to have formed any opinion, desired Mr. Hogg to withdraw from the possession and authorized Sinkee, pending such legal proceedings as either party might think fit to bring, to collect the rents and to pay them over as received to an officer of the Consulate who was then appointed receiver. Sinkee now applies to be relieved from this part of the injunction, and to be permitted to collect and retain the rents on his own account, and he founds his claim to this relief on the ground that he is the party beneficially entitled to the property inasmuch as he paid part of the produce money, in short to have his right to the rents and profits of the premises determined and admitted on this petition. At all times a court is unwilling to decide questions of this importance on motion, the more especially when there are two recognised modes of procedure by which the right and title to land is to be determined, the one in force in Courts of Law, the other in Courts of Equity. If the Court were to accede to this application it would in fact be dissolving an injunction obtained by the petitioner applied for it, on no other or better materials than were before the court when the injunction was granted. I do not think it necessary to go into the arguments which were offered by the counsel for Sinkee why his right to the property should be determined on the ground that, as he paid half the purchase money, there was a trust on the part of Hogg, in whom the case legal estate resided, resulting to him. I have a strong opinion that, in the case of a speciat trust declared in favour of a party equally entitled to the beneficial interest in the estate and who is absent and no party to the suit, no resulting trust to any one else can be assumed to arise by operation of law. To permit evidence of facts out of which to seek the creation of such a resulting trust, seems to me to be in direct opposition to the Statute of Frauds. But it is unnecessary for me to decide this point as I am of opinion that there is a strong and final objection to this court dealing with the motion in any manner. At the time when the Chinese government permitted foreigners to buy and hold land on certain indicated portions of the Chinese territory, it was made part of the terms on which land was to be held that within the limits assigned, no Chinese should buy or hold land without the express permission of the Chinese and foreign authorities being first obtained. In this case no permission has been obtained, nor is it pretended that any was even asked for. It is unnecessary and useless for me to enquire into the object of such an arrangement. That it was made and is still in force, is all that it is sufficient for me to find, and it is equally beside the question whether it has been customarily evaded or observed. Now in the face of the proceedings before me it is clear; indeed it is the applicant's whole case, that the land he seeks to obtain is the real property of himself and other Chinaman, and not the property of the British subject in whose name it is registered. If this Court were by its decision to declare this, it would in giving effect to a clear evasion of the arrangement entered into by the Chinese and foreign authorities; in other words it would be assisting and giving effect to a fraud on the law. No Court ought to be asked to do this, and no Court ought to do it. This land is in the eyes of the Chinese and British authorities the property of the person in whose name it is registered; at any rate in the face of the arrangement to which I have alluded and which is referred to in the title-deeds of the property itself, no Chinaman can have either a legal or beneficial interest in it; and I am therefore reluctantly compelled to decline to interfere between the parties. The property belongs *prima facie* to the party whose name appears on the registered title-deeds, and this Court cannot interfere to declare that, notwithstanding this, it is the property of a person who could not, unless he had the permission of the Chinese and Foreign authorities, either purchase or hold it. Under these circumstances it is my clear duty to refuse the application with costs.

April 11th, 1866.

Before C. Goodwin, Esq.

Hall & Hoole *v.* Hyde.

JUDGMENT.

In this case the only issues raised are the fact of negligence on the part of the defendants' servants, and the amount of the damage done; and with these questions alone am I at liberty to deal. There are two claims, the first being for damage caused by the fall of the ceiling. What the immediate cause of this fall was, is not made clear by the evidence; but it is impossible not to attribute it to something done by the workmen employed as well as to something left undone by the builder. After the accident had occurred, precautions were taken to prevent the ceilings of other rooms coming down, and had such means been taken in the first case, no accident would have happened. It was argued for the defendants that the negligence if any had been shown by the plaintiffs, and that they ought to have removed their furniture from a position of danger. Although this might have been a wise precaution, I cannot see that it is one which the plaintiffs are responsible for neglecting. The danger was not apparent, but remote and contingent only upon the possible carelessness of others. It is certainly not to be presumed that a ceiling will come down in a mass because the roof above it is undergoing repair. A properly made ceiling would not do so. On the other hand it was clearly the builder's business to make himself acquainted with the peculiarities of the ceiling in question; and the omission either to warn the plaintiffs of danger or to shore the ceiling up so as to prevent the possibility of it falling, must be considered a negligence. As to the mode of ascertaining the damage done to the furniture, namely having it first valued as if undamaged and then sold by auction, there seems no objection to be made to it except that there was no necessity for two valuers. I allow therefore the claim for damaged furniture less Tls. 10, viz., that is Tls. 676.68. The second claim is for Tls. 860 for damage caused by the rain which entered through the holes in the roof left by the builder. There was clearly negligence in not covering up the holes in the roof; but the plaintiff's estimate of the damage they have sustained thereby, appears quite erroneous. The surveyors who were called in seem to have thought very little of the effects of the recent rain, and their survey, or at any rate the repairs which were afterwards executed in the basis of it, at a cost of Tls. 4,500, extended to parts of the house which which had not been affected at all by that which fell on the 10th August. I accept Mr. Blethen's estimate of the damage done by that rain as amounting at most to Tls. 60; and allowing the fee of one surveyor only, namely Tls. 30, I estimate the damage sustained at Tls. 90. The whole amount will thus be Tls. 766.68; costs $ 45, and $ 36.55 court fees.

RECREATION.

Shanghai, 12th April, 1866.

To the Editor of the North-China Herald.

Dear Sir,—The various suggestions which have appeared in your columns and in those of your contemporary, as well as the report of the Committee appointed to enquire into the Recreation fund which is now before the public, will doubtless direct general attention to the fact that such a fund is still available for recreational purposes, and that various well meaning individuals have proposed plans whereby such funds can best be applied for the public benefit. Some of these are without doubt fair objects to admit of a moment's serious consideration, but the pressing want of a comfortable and commodious theatre I think so universally felt, that any plan which will enable us to acquire such an advantage, should not be allowed to pass without an effort to carry it into effect.

The makeshift edifices which have hitherto been the abode of the Thespian muse in this country have never had the slightest pretensions to either comfort or accomodation, and it was hardly to be expected that wandering managers in search of a resting place would do more than was absolutely necessary to secure an audience. The success, however, which has attended attempts at theatrical representations here, proves that we are a theatre going community in spite of the inconveniences to be put up with in the disguised barns which leave done duty as the home of the drama, and it is but fair to presume that were the house more comfortable, larger audiences would be the result; and moreover, we might then hope to receive more frequent visits from the profession, which affords such an agreable variation to the display of our own native talent. The "behind the scenes" still more calls for amelioration, since captious critics call attention to the sky forming the ordinary ceiling of rooms and other little anomalies inexcusable from a want of space and the difficulty of making proper arrangements in a building not constructed for the purpose, and which render these regions anything but the paradise they are supposed to be by the uninitiated.

Let us then have a new theatre, not another make-shift affair with the repetition of the inherent aspects of the old one; but a properly constructed and well ventilated house with such appliances and conveniences as may be requisite for the comfort and convenience of both audience and performers.

The idea which seems to me the most feasible, is the erection of such a theatre on some central spot of ground in the settlement, and the performances would probably only take place during some eight months of the year. I would combine with the plan an arrangement of shops, to occupy such portions of the basement as would not be required for theatrical purposes, the rents from which (if the site were well chosen) would go far to pay a good interest on the money invested.

Such a house would no doubt cost more to build than a temporary structure, but independent of its superior advantages as a place of amusement, it would I imagine be more easy in the event of further funds being required, to raise them upon such a security, than upon a property consisting solely of fittings, for which godown rent would have constantly to be paid to save them from annihilation.

Some such plan has I believe been already mooted, and is certainly worthy of consideration. If anything is to be done let it be done quickly, so as to get the house open by the time the season recommences, and whatever we do, let us not waste any funds which may be at our disposal in an ill-judged attempt to convert a godown into a temple of the muses, which however excusable in by gone times, should by no means form a precedent when the means of obtaining a more commodious edifice are at our command.

Apologizing for taking up so much of your space

I am, Dear Sir,
Very faithfully yours,
Philo-theatron.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

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27jn 689 January 27th, 1866.

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J. W. BENSON, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C. (Established 1749), Watch and Clock Maker by Warrant of Appointment to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, has fitted up extensive Workshops with steam machinery for the production of Clocks and Timepieces of every description.

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Capped and Jewelled, strong Silver Cases made in four sizes, from 1¾ to 2 inches in diameter. This Watch is suitable for everybody, and is without doubt the best, cheapest, and most accurate Watch manufactured in this country.

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Horizontal movement, Jewelled in four holes, and all the late improvements, combined with a rich artistically engraved case and dial, making it a model of elegance

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Horizontal movement, Jewelled in four holes, and all the late improvements, with a pure white enamelled dial, and elegantly engraved or engine-turned case.

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LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, 2nd September, 1866.

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Beg to caution the Public against spurious imitations of their celebrated

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L. & P. have discovered that several of the Foreign Markets have been supplied with SPURIOUS IMITATIONS, the labels closely resembling those of the genuine Sauce, and in one or more instances the name of L. and P. *forged*.

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31dc-66 672 December 23rd, 1865.

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Is the great remedy for

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THE HONG LIST

FOR JANUARY 1866.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

DATE.	SHIP'S NAME.	FLAG & RIG.	TONS	CAPTAIN.	FROM	SAILED	CARGO.	CONSIGNEES.
April 7	Express	Br str	290	Whitelow	Ningpo	April 6	General	David Sassoon, Sons and Co
... 7	Pylho	Dan bq	240	Holt	Surabaya	Feby 1	do	Oxford and Co.
... 7	Moyune	Am str	700	Johnson	Hankow	April 5	do	Russell and Co
... 7	Isoumroud	H.I.R.M.S.		Brixino	Hongkong			
... 7	Hirado	Br str	1630	McQueen	Hankow	... 5	do	Dent and Co
... 7	Shoocy-leen	Br str	492	Mann	Newchwang	... 3	do	Smith, Kennedy and Co
... 8	Hiogo	Br str	213	Pritchard	Nagasaki	... 5	do	T. Kroes and Co
... 8	Kiangse	Am str	574	Law	Ningpo	... 7	do	Russell and Co
... 9	Venemal	Ham bmq	322	Holtorf	Swatow	March 22	do	Siemssen and Co
... 9	Glenisla	Br bmq	372	Peock	Swatow	... 17	do	A. R. Tilby and Co
... 9	Confucius	Chi str	265	McCaslin	Nanking	April 6		Chinese Government
... 10	Express	Br str	290	Whitelow	Ningpo	... 9	do	David Sassoon, Sons and
... 10	Tatung	Am str	107	Cook	Hankow	... 5	do	H. Fogg and Co
... 10	Pluto	Chi str		Parkes	Ningpo	... 8		Chinese Government
... 11	Kiangse	Am str	574	Law	Ningpo	... 10	do	Russell and Co
... 11	Nanzing	Am str	419	Tulloh	Tientsin	... 7	do	Trautmann and Co
... 12	Express	Br str	290	Whitelow	Ningpo	... 11	do	David Sassoon, Sons and Co
... 12	Aden	Br str	507	Andrews	Hongkong	... 7	do	Wm. Davison, for the Agent
... 12	Archibald	Br bmq	393	Delargy	Cardiff	Oct. 30	Coals	Dow and Co
... 12	Macedon	Br bmq	496	SummerfieldC	Yokohama	March 31	General	Master
... 13	Paou Shun	Chi str	500	Horo	Chinhai	April 12		Chinese Government
... 13	Kiangse	Am str	574	Law	Ningpo	... 12	do	Russell and Co
... 13	Allen Craig	Br bmq	467	Leveson	Sydney	Jan 24	Coals	Smith, Kennedy and Co

DEPARTURES.

FROM THE ANCHORAGE.

DATE.	SHIP'S NAME.	FLAG & RIG.	TONS	CAPTAIN.	DESTINATION.	CARGO.	DISPATCHES BY.
April 6	Wenzel,	H.M.G.B.		Daughty,	Cruise		
... 7	Simoda	Br sh	650	Drysdale	Fuchau	Ballast	Dow and Co
... 7	Express	Br str	290	Whitelow	Ningpo		David Sassoon, Sons and Co
... 8	Napoleon III	Br sh	720	Mouat	Fuchau	Stores	Jardine, Matheson and Co
... 8	Emerald	Br bmq	606	McKenzie	Newchwang	Ballast	A. Habibbhoy
... 8	Shoocy-leen	Br str	492	Mann	Hongkong		Smith, Kennedy and Co
... 8	Dupleix	Fr str	872	Mellizan	Yokohama	Silk, etc.	Messageries Imperiales
... 8	Unquong	Am str	1383	Simmons	Hankow & Ports		Russell and Co
... 8	Kiang-loong	Am str	915	West	Hankow & Ports		Augustine Heard and Co
... 8	Aviso	Port str	160	Encarnação	Nagasaki	Sundries & Re-exports	T. Kroes and Co
... 8	John C. Munro	Br sh	612	Wood	Fuchau	Ballast	Master
... 8	Freya	Prus sch	145	Copp	Japan	Sundries & Re-exports	Oxford and Co
... 8	Dumbarton	Br str	944	Shaw	Amoy	Original	Gibb, Livingston and Co
... 9	Singapore	Br str	742	Edmond	Hongkong	Silk, etc.	Wm. Davison, for the Agt.
... 9	Ying-tsze-fei	Br str	315	Stocks	Tientsin via Chefoo	Tea, etc.	Trautmann and Co
... 9	Buena Vista	Am sh	547	Ayres	Fuchau	Nankeens	Augustine Heard and Co
... 9	Morning Star	Br sh	562	Johnston	Newchwang	Re-exports	Frazar and Co
... 9	Kiangse	Am str	574	Law	Ningpo	Opium, etc.	Russell and Co
... 9	Tsoping	Br sh	767	Mackinnon	Amoy		Gilman and Co
... 10	Whampoa	Br sh	1197	Carter	Fuchau	Sundries	Jardine, Matheson and Co
... 10	Suwo Nada	Am str	1802	Jayne	Hongkong	Tea, etc.	Augustine Heard and Co
... 10	Conlumkyle	Br sh	679	Morrison	Swatow	Cotton, etc.	Gibb, Living-ton and Co
... 10	Queen of India	Br str	657	Thornton	Newchwang	Opium, etc.	Frazar and Co
... 10	Express	Br str	290	Whitelow	Ningpo	do	David Sassoon, Sons and Co
... 11	Kei King	Br str	1044	Pinel	Chefoo	Stores, etc.	Chapman, King and Co
... 11	Anne Porter	Br bg	238	Roch	Newchwang	Re-exports	Clausen Droege and Co
... 11	Kiangse	Am str	574	Law	Ningpo	Opium, etc.	Russell and Co
... 12	Hirado	Br str	1630	McQueen	Hankow & Ports		Dent and Co
... 12	Moyune	Am str	700	Johnston	Hankow & Ports		Russell and Co
... 12	Hiogo	Port str	222	Pritchard	Nagasaki	Sundries & Re-exports	T. Kroes and Co
... 12	Marawi	Br bmq	440	Anderson	Newchwang	Re-exports	David Sassoon, Sons and Co
... 12	Lightfoot	Br bmq	472	Risk	Fuchau	Ballast	Wheelock & Meller
... 12	Express	Br str	290	Whitelow	Ningpo	Opium, etc.	David Sassoon, Sons and Co
... 12	Hardy	H.M.G.B.		Morice	Cruise		
... 13	Kiangse	Am str	574	Law	Ningpo	Opium, etc.	Russell and Co

SHIPPING IN HARBOUR AND AT WOOSUNG, APRIL 14, 1866.

MERCHANT STEAMERS.

NO.&SEC.	SHIP'S NAME	COMMANDER	FLAG & RIG	TONNAGE	DATE OF ARRIVAL	WHERE FROM	CONSIGNEES OR AGENTS	DESTINATION	REMARKS
P & O M	Aden	Andrews	Br str	507	Apr 12	Hongkong	Wm. Davison, for the Agt		Laid up
3 p	Anna		Am str	70	Apr 12	Chinkiang	H. Fogg and Co.		Laid up
1 s	China	Schroon	Br str	25			Trautmann and Co.		Laid up
2 p	Chusan	Burdis	Br str	434	Feb 4	Nagasaki	E. A. Reynolds		Ft or Ch
2 s	City of Nantes	Gibson	Br str	901	Apr 5	Tientsin	J. H. Wignall and Co	Fuchau	Immediately
5 s	Confucius	McCaslin	Chi str	265	Apr 9	Nanking	Chinese Government		
4 s	Fanet,		— str	30					Laid up
Wusung	Fenella		Chi str	179	Jan 5	Chusan	Chinese Government		
4 p	Firo Queen	Gray	Am str	1123	Feb 18	Yangtsze	Russell and Co.		Repairing
1 s	Gazelle	Smith	Br str	20	July 6	Sedong	Wm. Pustau and Co.		Laid up
4 s	Greta	Godow	Prus str	30	Jan 13		Wm. Pustau and Co.		Laid up
4 s	Heachew	Comstock	Am str	30		Sedong	T. J. Falls		
4 p	Island Queen		Br str	329			F. R. Gamwell		Laid up
M I M	Labourdonnais	Pellissot	Fr str	871	Apr 5	Hongkong	Messageries Imperiales	H'kong with Mails	24th Japan Mail
6 s	Little Orphan	Wendall	Am str	160	Apr 3	Hongkong	Master		
6 p	Mercury		Br str	138	June 28	Ningpo	Reid and Co.		Laid up
T J	Nanzing	Tulloh	Br str	419	Apr 11	Tientsin	Trautmann and Co	Tientsin v. Chefoo	15th instant
P & O M	Nepaul	Davis	Br str	541	Apr 6	Yokohama	Wm Davison, for Agt		
4 p	Paw-loong	Simmons	Am str	80		Wreck of *Wokee*	T. J. Falls		
3 c	Pluto	Parkes	Chi str		Apr 10	Hankow	Chinese Government		
1 s	Shanyuan		Br str	30			Trautmann and Co.		Laid up
M p	Szechuen	Perkins	Am str	543	Jan 10	Ningpo	Russell and Co.		Repairing
1 s	Tamqui	Lynch	Br str	20		Haugchow			Laid up
3 s	Tatung	Cook	Am str	107	Apr 10	Hankow	H. Fogg and Co	Hankow & Ports	To-day
1 s	Taurus	Smith	Br str	25					Laid up
1 s	Tsatlee	Tubbs	Am str	60	Feb 19	Soochow	Russell and Co.		"
5 p	Wan-Loong-Fei	Merrills	Br str	45	Sept 10	Launched	Geo. Barnet and Co.		"
7 p	Whampoa		Br str	515	Dec 25	Ningpo	David Sassoon, Sons and Co		"
5 p	Wusung	Hellott	Am str	161	Jan 13				"

28 STEAMERS

MERCHANT SAILING VESSELS.

NO.&SEC.	SHIP'S NAME	COMMANDER	FLAG & RIG	TONNAGE	DATE OF ARRIVAL	WHERE FROM	CONSIGNEES OR AGENTS	DESTINATION	REMARKS
2 c	Archibald	Delargy	Br bmq	393	Apr 12	Cardiff	Dow and Co		
6 s	Betty Perlbach	Blom	Ham bmq	361	Apr 5	Cardiff	Bourjan, Rübener and Co	Chefoo	Early
9 c	Bolina	Russell	Br bmq	433	Aug 26	Yokohama			
7 c	Cinderella	Williams	Br sh	877	Apr 6	Sydney	Frazar and Co		Discharging
1 p	Coromandel	Smith	Br sh	736	Mar 15	Fuchau	Wheelock & Meller	Chefoo	Chl. 13th inst
7 s H W	Drusus	Hansford	Br bmq	398	Mar 4	Yokohama	F. R. Gamwell		
3 s	Duck	Lorenzo	Br sch	146	July 21	Fuchau	P. F. Cama and Co		Laid up
6 s H J	Fair Lender	Pearse	Br bmq	474	Mar 23	Cardiff	Jardine, Matheson and Co	New York	Immediately
1 c	Finzel	Hicks	Br bq	487	Mar 5	Fuchau	Dow and Co	New York	Immediately
6 c	Flying Spur	Ryrie	Br sh		Mar 23	London	Jardine, Matheson and Co	Fuchau	Early
2 s	Glenisla	Peock	Br bmq	372	Apr 9	Swatow	A. R. Tilby and Co	Chefoo	Immediately
2 c	Isabella	Capper	Br sh	1056	Apr	Shields	Russell and Co		Discharging
1 p	Janet Mitchell	Hudhams	Br sh	711	Feb 23	Newport	A. Habibbhoy	Chefoo	Immediately
7 c	Kalhamba	Gordon	Br bmq	319	Apr 3	Sydney	Frazar and Co	Newchwang	Immediately
7 s	Macedon	Summerfield	Br bmq	496	Apr 12	Yokohama	Master		
7 s	Mercia	Simmers	Br bmq	506	Mar 22	Manila	A. R. Tilby and Co	Swatow	Chl. 13th inst
1 p	Minerva	Fox	Br bmq	290	Mar 30	Fuchau	Smith, Kennedy and Co		
2 s	Polho	Holt	Dan bmq	240	Apr 7	Surabaya	Oxford and Co		
8 s	Petrel	Jervis	Br sch	267	May 31	Hakodadi	Dent and Co		Laid up
7 s	Princess Royal	Araj Saahyo	Br bg	228	Apr 2	Sydney	Augustine Heard and Co	Newchwang	Early
S W	Schuda	Carr	Br sh	801	Apr 3	Nagasaki	Smith, Kennedy and Co		Ft or Ch
1 c	Shanghai	Auctenecho	Spa bmq	270	Mar 28	Manila	John Thorne	Amoy & Manila	Early
2 s	Taechang	Fribarren	Fr sch	102	Mar 31	Tientsin	Buissonnet and Co	Tientsin	Immediately.
2 s	Tiempo	Modeivragas	Spa bg	307	Mar 21	Manila	Phillips, Moore and Co	Manila	Immediately
1 p	Trobulgan	Lewis	Br sh	1171	Mar 25	Foochau	Huin, Tato and Co		Ft or Ch
5 s	Vanguard	Scott	Br sh	629	Mar 14	Cardiff	Jardine, Matheson and Co	London	Immediately
7 c	Venezuela	Holtorf	Ham bmq	322	Apr	Swatow	Siemssen and Co		
7 c	Wm. Cheer	Ainsworth	Am bmq	335	Apr 9	Swatow	Chinese	Swatow	Early
7 c	Yangtsze	Kimball	Br sh	688	Apr 1	Sydney	Frazar and Co	Amoy	Early

29 VESSELS

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SUPPLEMENT
TO THE
"NORTH-CHINA HERALD," APRIL 14, 1866.

SHANGHAI TEA, SILK, COTTON, AND OPIUM RETURNS FOR SEASON COMMENCING JUNE 1ST, 1865.

From Imperial Maritime Customs.

TEA.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Ship.	Cleared.	Destination	Congou.	Souchong.	Dust.	Flowery Pekoe.	Brick.	Total Black.	Japan Unclassed.	Sorts.	Young Hyson.	Hyson.	Hyson Skin.	Twankay.	Imperial.	Gun Powder.	Total Green.
Total as per last	Report,		226311.31	...	1295.53	29.00	...	227636.33	1343.04	2203.94	23807.98	13526.78	49.75	3109.13	7038.23	17962.30	79317.15
James Wishart	April 6	London	2200.21	...	159.12	82.82	...	2442.15	1.20	1.80	1800.15	1118.53	...	222.97	362.17	652.01	4198.83
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			228512.02	...	1454.65	111.82	...	230078.48	1344.24	2205.74	25698.13	14642.31	49.75	3422.10	7400.40	18654.31	83515.98
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

HONGKONG AND COAST PORTS.

Ship	Cleared	Destination	Congou	Souchong	Oolung.	Flowery Pekoe.	Brick.	Total Black.	Japan Unclassed.	Dusts.	Young Hyson.	Hyson.	Hyson Skin.	Twankay.	Imperial.	Gun Powder.	Total Green.
Total as per last	Report		4200.42	...	...	51.30	11806.08	16057.80	20.58	160 64	9.34	2242.47	..	...	6.11	24.81	2463.94
Ta-pang-nyo,	Mar. 15	Tientsin	...	...	...	...	2219 08	2219.08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yuen-tsze-fei,	,, 26	do	...	...	...	...	794.70	794.70	...	100.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	100.00
Suwonada,	,, 31	Hongkong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	63.30	...	...	...	...	63.30
Aden,	April 5	do	2.28	...	...	...	...	2.28	...	...	...	32 55	...	...	...	...	32.55
Corea,	,, 5	Tientsin	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	97.50	...	...	...	...	...	...	97.50
Yeddo,	,, 5	do	404.1	...	...	...	...	404.16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	4606.86	...	...	51 30	14819.86	19478.02	20.58	358.14	9.34	2338.32	...	...	6.11	24.81	2757.29

UNITED STATES.

Ship.	Cleared.	Destination.	Congou.	Souchong.	Oolung.	Flowery Pekoe.	Brick.	Total Black.	Japan Unclassed.	Sorts.	Young Hyson.	Hyson.	Hyson Skin.	Twankay.	Imperial.	Gun Powder.	Total Green.
Total as per last	Report		2459.35	...	...	...	...	2459.35	2652.07	334.89	45255 25	9188.29	887.55	5348.92	9244.64	10735.12	83646.73
Resolute	Mar. 15	New York,	...	...	...	...	...	...	120.00	...	3007.30	539.88	38.68	412.86	429 75	506.23	5054.70
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			2459.35	...	...	...	...	2459.35	2772.07	334.89	48262.55	9728.17	926 23	5761.78	9674 39	11241.35	88701.43

SILK.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Ship	Cleared	Destination	Raw		Thrown		Total.		Japan Re-exports		Japan Transhipment		Coarse.		Refuse.		Cocoons.	
			Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bls.	Pls.	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs.
Total as per last	Report		34860	27816.24	38	35.13	34898	27851.37	129	102.25	4461	...	18.53		1169	2263.31	.....	
James Wishart	April 6		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....		42	69.55	.....	
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....		..	...	.....	
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....		...	...	.....	
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....		...	...	.....	
			34860	27816.24	38	35.13	34898	27851.37	129	102.25	4461	...	18.53		1211	2332.86	.....	

THE CONTINENT.

Ship.	Cleared.	Destination	Raw		Thrown		Total		Japan Re-exports		Japan Transhipment		Coarse		Refuse		Cocoons	
			Bales.	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bls	Pls.	Bales	Piculs	Bls.	Piculs
Total as per last	Report		6500	5208.08	49	42.77	6609	5250.85	162	128.00	1269	....	52	44.12	14	25.65		156.86
Labourdonnais	Mar. 28	France	46	37.26	...	...	46	37.26	...	...	110	....	.....		....	...	.....	
Ganges	,, 29	,,	7	5.60	...	...	7	5.60	...	...	...	.....	....		...	...	.....	
			6613	5250.94	49	42.77	6662	5293.71	162	128.00	1379	.....	52	44.12	14	25.65		156 86
			.....	.....	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	....		.....	.....	....	

HONGKONG & COAST PORTS.

Ship	Cleared	Destination	Raw		Thrown		Total		Japan Re-exports		Japan Transhipment		Coarse.		Refuse		Cocoons	
			Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bls.	Pls.	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs
Total as per last	Rpt.		38	30.14	.....		38	30.14	.....		.....			...	.....		.....	
Mona,	Mar. 5	Hongkong,	2	2.58	.....		2	2.58	.....		.....		1	0.80	.....		.....	
			.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		...		.....		.....	
			40	32.72	.....		40	32.72	.....		.....		1	0.80	.....		.....	

UNITED STATES.

Ship.	Cleared.	Destination	Raw.		Thrown.		Total.		Japan Re-exports		Japan Transhipment		Coarse		Refuse		Cocoons	
			Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bls.	Pls	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs
Resolute ..	Mar. 15	New York	...	...	....		...	...	....		....		..	..	37	85.00	....	

TO INDIA.

Ship	Cleared	Destination	Raw		Thrown		Total		Japan Re-export		Japan Transhipment		Coarse		Refuse		Cocoons	
Total as per last	Report		16	20·24	.....		16	20·24	.....		.....		.....		.....		.....	
Cadiz,	Mar. 15	Bombay	48	38.15	.....		48	38.15	.....		.....		.....		.....		.....	
			.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....	
			64	58.39			64	58.39										

TO MANILA.

Ship	Cleared	Destination	Raw	Thrown	Total	Japan Re-export	Japan Transhipment	Coarse	Refuse	Cocoons
Total as per last	Report		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shanghai	Feb. 15	Manila	33	20.40	33	20.4	.....	.....	.....	.....

COTTON.

Ship.	Cleared	Great Britain.			Hongkong.			Coast Ports.			Japan.			America.			Total Piculs.
		Export	Re-export	Transhipped	Export	Re-export	Transhipped	Export	Re-export	Transhipped	Export	Re-export	Transhipped	Export	Re-export	Transhipped	
tal as per last	Report	18,402	...	...	56,504	3,447	1,707	39,926	1098	...	375	...	...	...	...	...	116,609
ed Paul Heart	Mar. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	350	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	350
Rock	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	623	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	623
apor	... ...	...	...	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38
Sura	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	325	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	325
lden Queen	... ...	7,798	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,798
kett	... ...	4,167	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,207
	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		25,477	40	...	56,542	3,447	1,707	41,224	1,098	...	375	...	...	...	...	...	129,970

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OPIUM.

OPIUM RETURN FOR WEEK ENDING 31ST MARCH, 1866.

IMPORTED.

	Malwa. Chests.	Weight.	*Patna.* Chests.	Weight.	*Benares.* Chests.	Weight.	*Turkey.* Chests.	Weight.
Imported and stored on board Receiving Vessels, ...	701	701.00	10	12.00	5	6.00	30	30.00
Imported and transhipped for re-exportation without being stored on board Receiving Vessels or landed	14	14.00	...	...	...	...	...	...
Imported direct to the shore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	715	715.00	10	12.00	5	6.00	30	30.00

	Malwa. Chests.	Weight.	*Patna.* Chests.	Weight.	*Benares.* Chests.	Weight.	*Persian.* Chests.	Weight.
Landed from Receiving Vessels and intended chiefly for Local consumption	43	43.00	122	146.40	8	9 60	...	...

RE-EXPORTED.

Description.	*Chinkiang.* Chests.	Weight	*Kiukiang.* Chests.	Weight.	*Hankow.* Chests.	Weight.	*Chefoo.* Chests.	Weight	*Tientsin.* Chests.	Weight.	*Newchwang.* Chests.	Weight.	*Ningpo.* Chests.	Weight.	*Foochow.* Chests.	Weight.	*Hongkong.* Chests.	Weight.	*Takao.* Chests.	Weight.	*Total.* Chests.	Weight.
Malwa...	228	228.00	44	44.00	83	83.00	31	31.00	152	152.00	30	30.50	53½	53.50	...	...	...	...	...	...	621½	622.00
Patna	...	...	...	...	3	3.60	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	25.20	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	28.80
Benares	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Persian	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Turkey	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	48.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	48.00
Total ...	228	228.00	44	44.00	86	86.60	31	31.00	200	200.00	30	30.50	74½	78.70	...	...	...	...	...	...	693½	698.80

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